Meningococcal vaccines are **FREE** for **13 to 25-year-olds** moving into or living in a boarding school hostel, hall of residence, military barracks, or prison.

Get immunised again if your last meningococcal vaccinations were more than 5 years ago or you've never had it, remember you need both MenACWY and MenB vaccinations for best protection.



For more information about getting immunised against meningococcal disease

- · talk to your GP, nurse or health centre
- call Healthline on 0800 611 116
- immunise.health.nz/meningococcal





Be protected against

## Meningococcal disease

**Te Kāwanatanga o Aotearoa** New Zealand Government Te Whatu Ora Health New Zealand Young people living closely together in places like boarding school hostels or halls of residence are at higher risk of getting meningococcal disease.

Meningococcal disease can be life-threatening. **FREE vaccines** are available to protect against it.

## What is meningococcal disease?

Meningococcal disease is an infection caused by bacteria. It can lead to two very serious illnesses:

Meningitis - an infection of the brain membranes

Septicaemia - blood poisoning.

There are several different types of meningococcal bacteria, including A, C, W, Y and B.

Bacteria are spread in a similar way to the common cold – by coughing and sneezing, or from contact with saliva (spit).

## How serious is it?

Meningococcal disease can be life-threatening.

It can develop and become deadly in **just a few hours**.

People who survive meningococcal disease often have serious long-term effects, including amputation of limbs, hearing loss, seizures, brain injury and permanent skin scarring.

## How to protect yourself?

Vaccination protects you and helps stop it spreading to others.

Vaccines are available to protect against strains A, C, W and Y, and strain B of meningococcal disease.

You need two different vaccines:

- one dose of the meningococcal A, C, W and Y (MenACWY) vaccine, and
- two doses of the meningococcal B (MenB) vaccine. The second dose can be given eight weeks after the first dose.