TYPE 2 DIABETES ACTION PLAN: 2025

(Insulin Injections)

SCHOOL SETTING

Use in conjunction with Diabetes Management Plan. This plan should be reviewed every year. As kaitiaki (carers/guardians) of diabetes related services, it is a collective responsibility to establish an environment that facilitates a pathway for people with diabetes to navigate te ao mate huka - the world of diabetes¹.

LOW Hypoglycaemia (Hypo) Blood Glucose level (BGL) less than or equal to <3.9 mmol/L requires additional action SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS Pale, headache, shaky, sweaty, dizzy, drowsy, changes in behaviour. Note: Check BGL if hypo suspected. Symptoms may not always be obvious		 HIGH Hyperglycaemia (Hyper) Blood Glucose level (BGL) greater than or equal to >15.0 mmol/L is well above average and requires additional action SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS Increased thirst, extra toilet visits, poor concentration, irritability, tiredness Note: Symptoms may not always be obvious 		Student's name: Age: DOB: Date: School name:	Place photo of student here
DO NOT LEAVE STUDENT ALONE DO NOT DELAY TREATMENT		STUDENT WELL	STUDENT UNWELL	Parent / Carer's name: Other contact name:	Contact phone: Contact phone:
MILD Student conscious (Able to eat hypo food)	SEVERE Student drowsy / unconscious (Risk of choking / unable to swallow)	 Recheck BGL in 2 hours Encourage 1-2 glasses water per hour 	e.g. Vomiting Contact parent/carer to collect student ASAP	Treating Medical team:	Contact phone:
Step 1 Give fast acting Carbohydrate e.g. Step 2 Recheck BGL in 10-15 mins If BGL <3.9 mmol/L Repeat Step 1	 First Aid DRSABCD Stay with unconscious student Administer Glucagon if available CALL AN AMBULANCE DIAL 111 	 Return to usual activity Extra toilet visits may be required Re-check BGL in 2 hours Do not restrict students access to food. In 2 hours, if BGL still greater than equal to 15.0 mmol/L CALL PARENT / CARER FOR ADVICE		INSULIN injections are needed (cross At home and school pre-meals OR at Insulin required: At morning tea Frequency: At lunch time Frequency:	
	Contact parent / carer when safe to do so.			Student is able to inject insulin (cross out if not applicable) with assistance / with supervision / independentlyBGL CHECKING TIMESPHYSICAL ACTIVITY• Anytime and anywhere at school• Consider giving long-acting carbohydrate food before every 30 mins of planned activity if BGL < 6.0 mmol/L• Before activity and exercise• Playtime does not usually require additional carb• Before exams and tests• Playtime does not usually require	